COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF LEHIGH COUNTY CRIMINAL DIVISION

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA)		
V.)	Case No.	
)		
	_)		

GUILTY PLEA COLLOQUY

You or your attorney has indicated that you may want to plead guilty to some or all of the crimes charged against you. This paper lists questions connected with your guilty plea. Many of the questions go over your rights under the law as a person charged with a crime or with crimes. By pleading guilty, you give up many of these rights. It is important, then, that you understand your rights before pleading guilty. Please read each question carefully and then answer the question. If you do not understand the question, mark that down by the question. When you have finished answering the questions on a page, put your initials in the space at the bottom of the page. When you have finished all of the questions, sign the last page.

If there are questions that you do not understand, or if you do not believe you understand the rights mentioned in this paper, go to your attorney so that he/she can explain the question or your rights to you. You may also ask the judge to explain your rights to you when you go before him or her.

1.	What is your full name?
2.	How old are you today?
3.	What is your highest level of education?
4.	Have you discussed your citizenship status with your attorney?
	Yes No
5.	If you are <u>not</u> a U.S. citizen, by pleading guilty your immigration status may
be a	ffected and you may be subject to removal from the United States. Do you
unde	erstand this?
	Yes No
6.	Can you read, write, speak and understand the English Language?
	Yes No
7.	Are you now being treated for a mental illness?
	Yes No
8.	If the answer to Number 7 is yes, explain the details. If the answer is no,
go to	question 10.
9.	If you are now being treated for a mental illness, do you still feel that you
are a	able to understand what you are doing today?
	Yes No

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10.	Do you know what crime	or crimes are charged against you?
	Yes	No
11.	Each crime has a number	of elements to it. Did your attorney (your lawyer)
explai	n to you the elements of tl	ne crime or crimes that you are pleading guilty to?
	Yes	No
12.	When a person is charged	d with a crime, he has a right to defend himself in
a trial by a jury. Do you understand this?		
	Yes	No
13.	To defend yourself in a	trial by jury, you would have to plead <u>not</u> guilty
Do yo	u understand this?	
	Yes	No
14.	By pleading guilty you a	dmit you committed the crime or crimes charged
and you give up your right to a trial by jury. Do you understand this?		
	Yes	No
15.	If you want a trial by jur	y, you have the right to help select the jury with
your	attorney and you can ren	nove any potential juror who cannot be fair and
impar	tial. Twelve people must	be selected to be your jury. Do you understand
this?		
	Yes	No

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16. Those people who may be in your jury are randomly selected by compute		
from people who are licensed drivers in Lehigh County or who have an official II		
card issued by the Department of Transportation. Do you understand this?		
Yes No		
17. If you have a trial by jury, the jury determines whether you are guilty o		
not guilty of the crimes charged against you. Do you understand this?		
Yes No		
18. In a jury trial, the jury must presume that you are innocent until you are		
proven guilty. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, represented by the Distric		
Attorney, must prove every element of each crime or crimes charged against you		
and that you have committed such crime or crimes beyond a reasonable doubt		
•		
before you can be found guilty. Do you understand these things?		
before you can be found guilty. Do you understand these things?		
before you can be found guilty. Do you understand these things? Yes No		
before you can be found guilty. Do you understand these things? Yes No 19. In a jury trial you do not have to say anything at trial or do anything to		
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21. If you wish to defend yourself and plead not guilty, you may also request a trial before a judge instead of by a jury. In that case, there is no jury, and the judge decides whether you are guilty or not guilty. As in a jury trial, the District Attorney must prove you guilty of each element of the crime or crimes charged against you beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand your right to a nonjury trial? Yes_____No___ 22. Do you understand that by pleading guilty you give up your right to a trial, either by jury or before a judge? Yes_____ No____ 23. By pleading guilty, you also give up the right to challenge the evidence the District Attorney wants to bring against you. If the District Attorney has physical objects or other evidence it has taken from you, or if you made any statements or confessions to the police, or if there are witnesses who identified you to the police you can challenge the use of this evidence at a hearing before the trial starts. The District Attorney has the burden of showing that it may use this evidence against you. Do you understand that when you plead guilty, you give up this right to challenge the use of the evidence against you? Yes_____ No____ 24. If you go to trial and are convicted you have the right to appeal the verdict to a higher court. Do you understand this? Yes_____ No____

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25. If you are successful in appealing a verdict of guilty after the trial, the
verdict could be overturned and either you would be set free or you would be able
to have another trial. Do you understand this and that you would be giving up
these rights by pleading guilty?
Yes No
26. But if you plead guilty, you give up your right to appeal your guilty plea
except on three grounds:
1) That the guilty plea was not made voluntarily or you did not
understand what you were doing when you pled guilty.
2) That the court could not accept your guilty plea because the
crime or crimes did not occur in Lehigh County.
3) That the judge's sentence is unlawful or improper.
Do you understand these three grounds of appeal?
Yes No
27. You may also appeal your guilty plea if you believe your attorney was
incompetent in representing you or otherwise acted improperly in advising you to
plead guilty. Do you understand this?
Yes No
28. If you wish to appeal your guilty plea based on these grounds, you must
petition the court to withdraw your guilty plea either before you are sentenced or
within 10 days after you are sentenced. If the court does allow you to withdraw
your guilty plea, then you will go to trial on the charges against you. If the court

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does not allow you to withdraw your guilty plea, you may appeal the decision to the Superior Court within 30 days after you are sentenced. Do you understand this?

this?		
Yes	No	
29. Has your attorn	ey or anyone else to	old you what sentences you can receive
for the crimes charged	against you?	
Yes	No	
30. If you are plead	ing guilty as a part	of a plea bargain, you should know that
the judge does not h	nave to accept the	e plea bargain if he or she feels it is
improper. If the judge	rejects the plea ba	rgain, you will be able to withdraw your
guilty plea and go to	trial where your gu	uilty plea cannot be mentioned. Do you
understand this?		
Yes	No	
31. If the judge acc	cepts the plea barg	ain, you will be sentenced according to
the plea bargain. Do yo	ou understand this?	
Yes	No	
32. If you had gone	to trial instead of	pleading guilty, you would have had the
right to have witness	es testify for you,	and you would have had the right to
confront (face) and cross-examine all of the prosecution witnesses against you.		
But if you plead guilty, the District Attorney will be able to briefly give its evidence		
against you, and the ju	dge will accept this	as true. Do you understand this?
Yes	No	

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33.	Now that you have been i	nformed of these rights do you now wish to plea	30
guilty	to some or all of the crime	s charged against you?	
	Yes	No	
34.	Has anybody forced you to	o enter this plea of guilty?	
	Yes	No	
35.	Are you doing this of your	own free will?	
	Yes	No	
36.	Have any threats been ma	ade to you to enter a plea of guilty?	
	Yes	No	
37.	Have any promises been	made to you to enter a plea of guilty other tha	an
any p	lea bargain made by you or	your attorney?	
	Yes	No	
38.	Are you satisfied with the	representation of your attorney?	
	Yes	No	
39.	Have you had enough tir	ne to talk with your attorney before reading th	ıis
paper	and entering your plea of	guilty?	
	Yes	No	
40.	Has your attorney gone o	ver with you the meaning of the questions in th	ıis
paper	?		
	Yes	No	
41.	Has your attorney explain	ed to you the questions you didn't understand?	
	Yes	No	
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42. Are you presently on probation or parole?		
Yes No		
43. If you are on probation or parole do you realize that your plea of	guilty will	
trigger a violation of that probation or parole and you could be sentenced to		
prison as a result of that violation caused by your guilty plea today?		
Yes No		
44. Do you understand that the decision to enter a guilty plea is you	ours and	
yours alone; that you do not have to enter a plea of guilty and give up	all your	
rights as previously explained to you; and that no one can force you to	enter a	
guilty plea?		
Yes No		
45. Do you agree to appear for your court hearing (guilty plea/nolo co	ntendere	
plea and/or sentencing) by advanced communication technology such as Zoom,		
WebEx, Polycom, etc. (on a computer) instead of physically being	j in the	
courtroom in front of the judge?		
Yes No		

I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE READ THE ABOVE PAPER COMPLETELY AND I UNDERSTAND ITS FULL MEANING AND I STILL WANT TO ENTER A PLEA OF GUILTY TO THE CRIMES SPECIFIED. I FURTHER AFFIRM THAT MY ANSWERS TO THE QUESTIONS ARE TRUTHFUL, AND THAT MY SIGNATURE AND INITIALS ON EACH PAGE OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE TRUE AND CORRECT.

MY CURRENT ADDRESS IS	
AND THE TELEPHONE NUMBER WHERE	I CAN BE REACHED IS
_	Signature of Defendant
D	ATED:
Ι,	, Attorney for
	, state that I have
advised my client of the meaning of the	document; that it is my belief that he/she
comprehends and understands the ques	tions and what is set forth above; that I
am prepared to try this case; and that the	ne defendant understands what he/she is
doing by pleading guilty.	
	Attorney for Defendant

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